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Carolina Observer.

VOL. XI.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JANUARY 10, 1828. [NO. 553.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for 60 cents per square for the first, and 30 cents for each succeeding publication. Advertisers are requested to state the number of insertions desired, or they will be continued till forbid, and charged accordingly. Letters to the Editor must be post paid.

Fayetteville Academy.

It is with extreme regret and mortification, the School Committee of this institution have to announce to the public, that the Rev. Mr. Ford, whom they had appointed Principal of the Academy, and who had as such, embarked in the business, has sacrificed his interest, and not inconsistent with his honor, abandon the School and to seek a place more congenial in the South. He has disappointed the fond hopes of the community and placed the Committee in a situation truly awkward and embarrassing.

Seldom was ever a seminary of learning, which depended on public opinion for success, commenced under more favourable auspices, than was the Fayetteville Academy likely to commence; but at the very crisis of expectation, the hopes of its friends were dashed by the ill judged abandonment of its principal.

This unexpected and unfortunate event was beyond the control of the Committee—and this must be their apology. They have for the present engaged the services of the Rev. A. W. Gay, who taught in this Academy in 1824, and whose classical attainments are well known here. He will open the Male Department on Monday next; and a suitable Assistant will be employed. The Committee have taken pleasure to obtain an accomplished Female Teacher to conduct the Female Department, which they hope will also be opened under her direction, on Monday next.

H. POTTER, *Prs't Sch. Com.*

Fayetteville, January 1, 1828.

Last Notice.

ALL those persons indebted to the Subscriber are informed that their Accounts and Notes are still in the hands of J. A. Matthews and D. A. Davis, who are duly authorised to receive the money and grant discharge; and it is imperiously necessary that his old business should be closed, and there will in no instance, any indulgence be given, as I have given them strict instructions to close the business as soon as the law will admit, and I will in no case interfere.

A. BAILEY.

January 3, 1828. 52 3w.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

SAMPSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1827.

Whitfield Sutton, *vs.* Thomas Sutton.—*Attachment.*

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Thomas Sutton, the Defendant in this case, is not an inhabitant of this State; it is therefore *Ordered*, That publication be made for three months in the *Carolina Observer*, that unless said Defendant shall come forward and plead or replevy within that time, that judgment final by default will be entered up against him.

THOS. I. FAISON, *C. C.*

December 27th, 1827.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, December Term, 1827.

Samuel Andrews, *vs.* Heirs at Law of Philip Walker, deceased.—Alias sci. fa. to render lands liable.

On motion, *Ordered*, That publication be made in the *Carolina Observer*, printed in Fayetteville, for six weeks, that unless Asa Hairgrove and Wife, Hannah and James Colcut, heirs of Philip Walker, deceased, appear at the Court House in the Town of Fayetteville, on the first Monday in March next, and then and there plead, answer or demur to a sci. fa. issued Samuel Andrews against the Heirs at Law of Phil Walker, to render the real estate of said Walker liable, judgment will be entered up according to sci. fa.

Test, DAN'L. McDIARMID, *Clerk.*

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, December Term, 1827.

John Dobbin *vs.* Jonathan Stephenson.—*Original Attachment.*—Hardy Blalock, Timothy Spence and Duncan McLean summoned as Garnishees.

It appearing to the satisfaction of this Court, that the Defendant, Jonathan Stephenson, is not an inhabitant of this State, therefore *Ordered*, That publication be made in one of the Newspapers printed in Fayetteville, for six weeks, that unless the Defendant come forward on or before the first day of next Term, replevy and plead, that the property levied shall be condemned to Plaintiff's recovery.

Test, DAN'L. McDIARMID, *Clerk.*

State of North Carolina,

MOORE COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1827.

Benjamin Person *vs.* John P. Kelly.—Original Attachment.

It appearing to the Court, that the Defendant in this case, has so absconded that the ordinary process of law cannot be served on him; it is therefore ordered by said Court, that publication be made in the Carolina *Observer* for six weeks, that the Defendant do have notice to appear at the Court House in Moore, on the third Monday in February next, plead and there to plead or demur, otherwise judgment will be entered against him agreeably to the Plaintiff's demand.

CORN. DOWD, *Clk.*

December 20, 1827. 52 6w.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the Subscriber, living in Anson County, on the 26th of December, 1827, *EPHRAIM*, and *PHILLIS* his wife. Ephraim was raised in or near Norfolk, Va., and Phillis in Johnson Co., N. C. They will probably endeavor to get back to either of these places. Ephraim is a boy of about 27 years of age. Phillis is about 30 years of age, very fleshy and stout, quick spoken and easily attacked by any person. They took from home with them three suits of clothes. The boy had on when he left home, a dark colored casinet coat and a pair of cotton pantaloons. The girl wore a checked homespun frock.

The above reward and all reasonable expenses will be given to any person who will deliver the said Negroes to me near Morven, in Anson county, or confine them in any jail in the counties of Anson, Richmond, Moore, Cumberland, or Wake.

B. R. BAILEY.

January 3, 1828. 52-5tp.

Delivery Bonds.

BLANK Bonds for the delivery of property to be sold under execution, for sale at this office, where blanks of all descriptions may be had.

School Committee, for 1828.

At a meeting of the Commissioners of Fayetteville, in Town Hall, on Thursday, the 20th December, 1827, the following Gentlemen were appointed the School Committee for the ensuing year, viz.

Paris J. Tillinghast, Esq., for Ward No.	1.
John W. Wright, Esq.	2.
John H. Hall, Esq.	3.
Henry Potter, Esq.	4.
James H. Hooper, Esq.	5.
Jesse Birdsall, Esq.	6.
John Huske, Esq.	7.

[Extract from the Minutes.]

DUNCAN MAC RAE, *Town Clerk*

Trust Sale.

THE undersigned, Trustees of William H. Maffitt, will, on Tuesday the 22d day of January next, proceed to sell at the Town House in Fayetteville, the following Property, to wit: the life Estate of the said William H. Maffitt in a TRACT OF LAND, on the East side of Cape Fear River, containing about 500 acres, and commonly known as the Bryce place. The like Estate in 11 valuable NEGROES, men, women and children; and also the like Estate in a LOT OF LAND on Maiden Lane, containing 5 acres. The above Land and Negroes are, however, subject to an annuity of $200. They will also, at the same time and place, sell a NEGRO MAN named Dublin, and several Horses, Carts, Wagons, &c., with all the Stock and Farming Utensils upon the Sand Hill Plantation. A credit of 3, 6 and 9 months will be given upon all sums, the purchaser giving bond and security.

WM. F. STRANG, } *Trustees.*
R. T. GOODWIN, }

December 20. 50ts.

Notice.

THE Books, Accounts, &c. of Mr. Cornelius J. Tooker have been assigned over to the Subscriber for settlement, &c. Therefore all those indebted to the said Mr. T. will make immediate payment, or their accounts will be placed indiscriminately in the hands of an officer for collection.

L. FITZHARRIS.

December 11. 50*tf.*

Mansion House.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the *MANSION HOUSE* will be ready for the reception of Travellers and others, on the first of January next.

To persons travelling with, or without families, who may wish to avoid the noise and bustle incident to a Hotel having attached to it a Public Bar, the Mansion House offers quiet repose.

The *STABLES*, attached to the premises, will be kept constantly supplied with Provender of every kind, and a careful and attentive Ostler will be at all times in readiness to perform the duties of his station.

Town Boarders will be accommodated, and every attention in the power of the conductor to render them comfortable shall be invariably given.

JOHN MAC COLL.

Camden, S. C. December 22d, 1827. 51–5t.

List of Letters,

REMAINING in the Post Office, which, if not taken out before the 1st of April next, will be sent as Dead Letters, to the General Post Office:

A—Mary Allinson 2, Amos Ames, John Atkins, John Agen, Mary Anderson, John Armstrong.

B—Thos. C. Blake, John Bone, Mrs. Cha's. Betts 3, Sampson Boon 2, Amos Broad, Jas. C. Burne, Jas. A. Byrne, William Burritt, Eliza Beebe, Col. John Brown, Jessa Banch, Salmon Brown, John Burke, Mabel Bingham, John Barclay, Jr., Daniel Black, Dug'd Baker, Anna Boon, Absolem Bass, Nathaniel Bosworth 2, Chas. Bowman, William G. Bryant, Isaac Braithwaite 3.

C—Dan'l Campbell, Stephen Cole, Wm. Cochran 2, Gray Cobb 2, Eliza Cochrane, Waddle Cade, Catharine Clak, David Culbreath, Spencer Coleburn, Wm. Connally, Alex'r Carrell, Emily Carter, Joseph H. Cunningham, James Carter, John Carney, Committee of Vigilance and Correspondence of the friends of Gen. Jackson.

D—Stephen Dehaven, John S. Daves, Thos. Davis, John Darroch, Ann Drew 2.

E—John Ellis, Mrs. Phœbe Elliott, Jefferson Elliott, Henry Edwards.

F—Martin Fullen, Wm. H. Folger, James Ferguson, Jacob Frieze, Wm. H. Foldier.

G—Mrs. Mary Graham, Jane Gully, Stephen Gardner, Haywood Gainey, John C. Glenn, James Geddie.

H—Lewis Haton, James Halliday, John Heagarty 3, Mrs. Mary Huger, Harriet Haills, Joseph Hodge, Henry Hollingsworth, David Hay 3, Thos. Hackett.

J—Dillon Jordan, Elizabeth Jarrott, Daniel Johnson 2, William M. Johnson, Muntilian Ivy, Matthew Johnson, Robert Irvine, William Jordan, Mr. Jarrott, Benj. Johnson.

K—Kerrs & Graham 2, John Kenady, Allen C. Kellogg 2, Nancy Kelly.

L—William Lankston, Benj. Little, John Lamber, Mimy Limeberry.

M—Marium Moody, Joseph Moore, Malcom Monroe, John Munroe 2, Sherwood Magee, Elish. Magee, Henry Mason, F. Moore, Thos. H. Massey, Geo. C. Mendenhall, Mary Murchison, Sam'l Mims, Daniel Morrison, Hamilton Mitchell, Dan'l Monroe 2, Philip R. Murchison, Mary Mares, William Moore, Julian Maxwell, R. H. Morrison 3.

Mc—Joanna McMillan, Angus McDowd 2, Edw'd McKay, Mary McNeill, John McColl, Mal. McDonald, Malcom McNeill 2, Neil McKeethen, Edw'd McCallum, Dug'd McPhail, John McLaurin, Alex. or Dan'l McPhail, George H. McMillan, Roderick McCaskill, Marg't McRackan, Daniel McMillan, Lucy Ann McMillan, Ranold McMillan, Dug'd F. McMillan, Iver McMillan, Sarah McKenzie, Dun. McLaurin, James D. McKay, Dan'l McDonald, Dun. McLean, Daniel McKinnon, Rob't McLeod, Mrs. Kenneth McKenzie.

N—William F. Newbold 2, William Newberry, Henry Nunnery.

P—Jacob P. Powell, John Pierce, John H. Pierce, Sam'l Pierce, Michem Pickett 2, Pickett & Stott, T. D. Parke, Jessee Powers, Henry E. Purviance, John Priest, John Perry, Nath'l Price, Andrew Patterson, Owen C. Pope, Esq.

R—Benj. Robinson 2, Luther Rice 2, John Ray, Jacob Roads, James Russ, Marian Robertson.

S—Elias Sinclair, James Sunday, Geo. Stewart, Ann D. Salmon, William M. Snail, Andrew Shiner, William Stott, Isham Scott, John Sutfield, Daniel Smith, Zacheus Swain, John Stewart, John Simpkins, James Stone, Simon Scipper, John Sheridan, David Smith, Wm. M. Stevens.

T—John Thompson 3, Benj. or Thos. T. Turner, Delila Taylor.

V—Matthew Valintine.

W—Mrs. Wolff, David Wilkinson, Sam'l Williamson, Sam'l Williams, Sam'l Windham, Dan'l Williams 2, Elijah Windham, Frances A. Wolff, William Williamson, Lorenzo T. Williams, John G. Winton, Stephen Wall, Wm. Whitenton, F. F. Wilson, Phila Williams.

JOHN MAC RAE, *P. M.*

January 1, 1828.

Notice.

THE Subscribers having entered into Copartnership, under the firm of *McKinnon & McMaster*, offer for sale, for cash or country produce, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

At their Store on Person street, opposite Mr E. Stedman's.

JOHN McKINNON.
R. C. McMASTER.

December 27. 51-3w.

From the National Intelligencer.

Mr. Clay's appeal.—A friend has shewn to us a copy of a pamphlet, of sixty pages, just printed in this City, entitled "*An Address of* HENRY CLAY *to the Public, containing certain testimonials in refutation of the charges against him, made by General* ANDREW JACKSON, *touching the last Presidential Election.*" In justice to Mr. Clay as a public man, we shall take an early opportunity to lay the contents of this pamphlet before our readers, and shall, therefore, here, add nothing to the simple annunciation of its appearance, further than to say that the evidence which it furnishes of the fact, (already long ago sufficiently established to our minds) that Mr. Clay, from the first, had determined to vote for Mr. Adams, and in no event to vote for General Jackson, is so abundant, so conclusive, and so unquestionable, that no one, not even the most prejudiced, can hereafter entertain the shadow of a doubt on the subject.

From the Richmond Enquirer.

Mr. Clay's Address.—We received by last evening's mail, from Mr. Clay, a pamphlet, printed by Peter Force" at Washington, with the following title: "*An address of Henry Clay to the Public, containing certain Testimonials in refutation of the charges against him made by General Andrew Jackson, touching the last Presidential Election.*" It consists of 61 pages—30 of which are from the pen of Mr. Clay; the other 31 are thrown into an Appendix, embracing Documentary Evidence. Mr. C. in a preliminary Memo. states it to have been his intention to have published this testimony, at an earlier period; but that "unavoidable delay in the collection of it, has retarded the execution of that intention."

We deem it an act of justice to Mr. C. to submit the contents of this pamphlet before our readers; and in the mean time must content ourselves with a very rapid synopsis. Mr. C. states, that having himself repeatedly and positively denied its truth, the (charge against him,) he "thought it proper to resort to the testimony of those gentlemen from the West who had voted with me for Mr. Adams. Accordingly a friend of mine, Dr. Watkins, at my instance, addressed a circular to those gentlemen during the last spring *inviting their attention to the Fayetteville letter, and inquiring if there were any truth in its averments.* And he has obtained from all of them but two, answers which are now presented to the public." It is to be remarked that Mr. Watkins' circular, stating specifically the points to which they were requested to respond, is not given in the pamphlet.—Mr. C. proceeds to give extracts from the Answers, (the whole of which are published *in extenso* in the Appendix,) viz: from Gen. McArthur, Gen. Vance, Gen. Beecher, Mr. Sloane, Mr. Wright, Mr. Vinton, Mr. McLean, Mr. Whittlesey, Mr. Bartley and Mr. Patterson, of Ohio—from Mr. Trimble, F. Johnson, General Metcalf, Mr. Letcher, Buckner and Thompson of *Kentucky*—from Mr. Scott of *Missouri*—and Mess. Gurley and Brent of Lou. All of these deny any knowledge or belief of any propositions made by Mr. Clay or his friends to General Jackson or his friends; many of them, of any propositions from Mr. Clay or friends to Mr. Adams or friends; *some* of them deny any proposition from Mr. A. or his friends, or to Mr. C. or his friends, and indeed of any terms whatever being made as the conditions of their vote.

Mr. C. then proceeds, in the 2d place, with comments on evidence (retailed in the Appendix) to show that he had made up his mind to vote against General Jackson or for Mr. Adams.—This testimony is exhibited to show that on various occasions and times, beginning in Kentucky as early as about the 1st Oct. 1824, and continued in the city of Washington, down to the period when his determination to vote for Mr. A. was generally known in Washington, he "uniformly expressed (his) fixed resolution not to vote for him, if (he) were called upon to give a vote." The witnesses for the first period are Dr. Drake, Mr. D. Trimble, W. R. Trimble, Col. Davidson, and J. J. Crittenden. The witnesses after his arrival at the city, are Mr. Johnston, Senator from Louisiana, Mr. Bouligny the other Senator, the present Secretary of War, and Gen. Lafayette.

He next proceeds to show how long and how often Gen. J. had made charges against him, previous to his conversation with Mr. Beverly:—this part of the pamphlet being intended to rebut that part of Gen. J's. letter, which says "the origin—the beginning of this matter was at my own house and fireside."

And finally he gives a history of the relations in which he has stood to Gen J. at different times—with a view of showing that he has done nothing calculated to induce Gen. J. to believe that he (Mr. C.) meant to support him for the Presidency.

Our readers, however, shall have a full opportunity of judging of all these developments for themselves. It were much to be wished, that there had been less appearance of special pleading in parts of this Investigation; and that the Circular of Dr. Watkins had at once covered the whole ground; interrogating each of the twenty-one Western Representatives thus: Do you know or believe of any propositions made by or *to* Mr. Clay or any of his friends, or to Gen. Jackson, by or to Mr. Adams, or any of their friends. This broad enquiry would have covered the whole ground at once, of *any overtures* at all made by Mr. Clay or to Mr. Clay by either of the candidates. But Mr. Watkins's pamphlet, as far as we can gather the contents from the answers of his Correspondents, *does not go the whole.* He ought to have taken in, not only *propositions* made *by Clay's friends* to Jackson's, and "*conditions* made by Mr. C's friends *to* any person"—but propositions *made by Mr. A's friends to Mr. C's.* Much cavilling would thus have been arrested.

There are certain topics annually brought under the discussion of Congress by the same members, who make thereon the same speeches, and hitherto with the same results. Among the more prominent of these is Mr. Johnson's, of Kentucky,—bill for abolishing imprisonment for debt, and Mr Benton's of Missouri, for graduating the price of public lands. As the aims and details of these measures are thoroughly understood in the Senate, and inasmuch as the speeches annually made are but repetitions of their predecessors, and moreover are intended entirely for home consumption and effect, and not for the enlightening or edifying the Senate, it is proposed by our correspondent at Washington that these speeches should be *stereotyped*, so that whenever the subjects to which they refer are brought forward, they may, by the courtesy of the House, which we are sure would not be withheld) be read by their titles and then be forthwith published and distributed, all the same as though they had been actually recited again; there would be the double advantage of saving the time and sparing the politeness of Senators, and also the public money, paid for such misspent time.

N. Y. American.

Kentucky.—Private letters inform us that the Convention of Delegates, friendly to the present Administration of the General Government, assembled at Frankfort on the 17th ult.—present upwards of two hundred members. Gen. James Garrard was called to the Chair, and Gen. Bodney appointed Secretary. For character, as to talents and integrity, it is said the Convention might compare to any assemblage got up on such an occasion in any State in the Union. An electoral ticket was formed with great unanimity. Gen. Thomas Metcalfe (now a representative in Congress,) was recommended, with only three dissenting votes, as the candidate for the office of Governor, and Joseph K. Underwood for that of Lieutenant Governor.—*Nat. Int.*

We have learnt unofficially, that the following persons have been appointed, by the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to be directors of the Bank of the United States, on the part of the Government, for the year ensuing, viz:

NICHOLAS BIDDLE, } Of Pennsylvania.
JOHN B. TREVOR, }
CAMPBELL P. WHITE, of New York.
E. J. DUPONT, of Delaware.
BENJ. HATCHER, of Virginia.

Virginia.—The Richmond Whig says that the bill for authorizing a Convention to revise the constitution of that State, which has passed the House of Representatives, is expected to pass the Senate by a majority of two votes, and perhaps more. This will be a great triumph to the friends of that measure, who have been laboring for twenty years to accomplish the object.

Among the peculiarities of our speech is that, when speaking of the metropolis of the Union, of calling it Washington City. We no longer say London town, or Paris city. Whether this addition be more necessary in the case of Washington, whose claim to it might otherwise be forgotten, we do not know. As the "rus in urbe" disappears from our metropolis, we shall perhaps grow less punctilious in thus giving it its style and title.—*Balt. American.*

Editorial Tact.—The editor of the New York Courier, in alluding to this subject, thinks it requisite for an editor to possess the philosophy of Diogenes, the patience of Job and the wisdom of Minerva.—The conductor of the Boston Lounger, concludes that an editor "should be a kind of Matthews at home, able to personify every variety of characters, and to speak upon every possible subject, sometimes on two subjects at once, and sometimes on no subject at all." For ourselves we think the latter a first rate qualification for an editor.

Philadelphia Album.

From the Tallahassee Advocate.

In the vessels below we shall receive a large accession to our society, of respectable families from Maryland and Virginia, and some young gentlemen, but we do not hear of *any young ladies;* and we are much surprised at it, for this certainly is the *best market* in the United States. We are quite mortified every time we go up town, at seeing the heavy groups of long-faced despondings bachelors,

"Wasting their sweetness on the desert air."

A writer in the last number of Professor Silliman's Journal, who makes a scientific report on the gold mines of North Carolina, observes—

"I entertain the opinion, that the great fall in the price of cotton, will soon begin to produce considerable changes in this country. It will drive part of the labour heretofore applied in that way, into new channels of industry, some to the mines, and some to the production of small grain and corn. This in time, will not fail to make the gold mines of North Carolina assume a different character, when system, science, and skill will render them extensively productive.

"That these alluvial deposits of gold, can be worked with regular profits I have no manner of doubt from my knowledge of the mines of other countries and from the facts we know concerning these deposits themselves."

An Indian Surgeon.—Dr. Jacob Jimison, a native of the Seneca tribe of Indians, has been appointed Surgeon's Mate in the United States' Navy, and has received orders to report himself for service at the public station near Philadelphia. Dr. J. has received a Collegiate education; and regularly graduated as a Doctor of Medicine.

The Duke of Saxe Weimar's "Travels" in the United States were to appear in Germany in October last, in two volumes, with plates and embellishments, including the views of Philadelphia and New York. The work was to be edited by Henry Luden, who is one of the best historical writers of Germany. The Germans are publishing the whole series of Cooper's novels, in their own language and in the original.—*Nat. Gazette.*

Ingenuity.—Balcolm, the inventor of the American Automaton Chess Player, has completed another mechanical curiosity, which is now exhibiting at the museum in Rochester, (New York) It is an automaton whist player. The Rochester Daily Advertiser says—

"It is an admirable piece of mechanism, and appears to be constructed in a manner which insures for it success in the great majority of cases. So obedient is it to the impulse of the operator, that the head moves in a manner resembling Maelzel's Turk; while the eyes roll, and are further assimilated in appearance to natural ones by a graceful motion of the eyelids."

By the annual report of the Massachusetts State Prison, it appears that the expenses for the year ending Sept. 30th, 1827, amount to $59,667 69. The receipts amount to $53,275 13.

Wealth made easy.—Fuller, in his "Worthies of Cornwall," after describing the beautiful seat of Lord Mount Edgecumbe, near Plymouth, says, "This curious and noble mansion so affected the Duke of Medina Sidonia, Admiral of the Spanish Armada, in 1588, (though beholding it at a distance on the sea,) as to reserve it for his own possession, in the partage of this Kingdom, which, in hopes and expectations they had already conquered. This brings to mind a circumstance which occurred at an early period of the French Revolution. A party of mechanics, at a public house in the neighbourhood of Tottenham court road, had one evening been making arrangements as to the future disposition of the estates of certain English noblemen; when, unhappily, two of the fraternity had each conceived a violent penchant for the mansion and domains of the House of Russell; and so obstinate were they in supporting their claims that it was at length agreed that the matter should be decided by combat, and they actually milled one another for three quarters of an hour, for the sake of Woburn Abbey. We remember more recently, that in Thistlewood's mad conspiracy, Preston, the cobbler, insisted upon being made a General of Horse because he had a lame leg, and soon grew tired of walking.—*London paper.*

The late Admiral Cosby, of Stradbally Hall, had as large and as brown a fist as any Admiral in his majesty's service. Happening one day unfortunately to lay it on the table during dinner, at Col. Fitzgerald's, Merrion square, a Mr. Jenkins, a half blind doctor who chanced to sit next to the admiral, cast his eye upon the fist: the imperfection of his vision led him to believe that it was a French roll of bread, and without farther ceremony the old doctor thrust his fork plump into the admiral's fist. The confusion which resulted may be easily imagined.

Friendship.—Forsake not an old friend, for the new is not comparable to him. A new friend is as new wine, which when it becomes old thou mayest drink with pleasure. A friend cannot be known in prosperity; an enemy cannot be hidden in adversity.

Honest dealing.—Clear and round dealing is the honour of man's nature, and mixture of falsehood is like alloy in coin of gold and silver, which may make the metal work the better, but it embasseth it; for those windings and crooked courses are the goings of the serpent, which goeth basely upon the belly, and not upon the feet.—*Bacon.*

Blanks for sale.

Legislature of N. Carolina.

SENATE.

Saturday, Dec. 29.

Mr. McEachin presented a bill providing for the appointment of Electors of President and Vice President of the U. S. by Districts. He accompanied its presentation by the following remarks:

Mr. Speaker, I crave the indulgence of the Senate, whilst I make a few remarks, explanatory of my object in introducing this impottant bill and especially at so late an hour of the session. I am aware Sir, that my motives may be improperly assailed and that my intentions will be construed into a wish to paralyse the strength of the State, to the prejudice of one candidate but to the interest of the other. On this subject, Sir, I am disposed to be frank. Notwithstanding my preference is open and decided: yet neither of the competitors with me is a favorite candidate; No, Sir, my object is in compliance with the wish of the People, to place the election in the most plain and simple view practicable, regardless of what effect it may produce in the result of the election. The People in the adjoining counties of Anson, Richmond, and Cumberland, so far as I know, and in the county of Robeson, where I have a much more extensive acquaintance, have the provisions contained in the bill upon your table closely at heart. They feel deeply interested, and have been, ever since the repeal of the act of 1812, of which this bill is a true transcript. It is evident that at the approach of each electoral election, since the repeal of that act, the excitement has been greater, till now it is as high or higher than at any former period, and this excitement is as common to the partizans of one as to the other of the competing candidates. The People in the County which I have the honor in part to represent, have requested me to vote for such a bill as the one now under consideration, and they have instructed me to introduce such a one provided no other person would do it. I have waited with patience until now, in hopes it would come from some more auspicious hands than mine, but this not being the case, I have not shrunk from the task, but with that firmness and independence which I trust will ever be the characteristic of an honest man in the conscientious discharge of his duty, placed the bill on your table. It remains now with the Senate to dispose of the same, and I hope it will do so in accordance with republican principles and permit the People to vote understandingly, under a system by which they can select a person in whom they have unbounded confidence to vote for a Chief Magistrate of the Union.

Mr. Bailey moved to lay the bill on the table; which was not agreed to. Mr. Williams, of Martin, moved for its indefinite postponement, which was carried, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Askew of Bertie, Askew of Hertford, Alexander, Burgin, Bailey, Beasley, Broadnax, Burney, Drake, Dobson, Davenport, Devane, Hurst, Harrell, Hollimon, Hinton, Hawkins, Love of Haywood, M'Dowell, Matthews, M'Daniel, Montgomery, Nuttall, Owen, Pickett, Ramsay, Riddick, Royal, Spaight of Craven, Salyear, Smith, Saunderson, Scott, Shober, Sherard, Thompson, Vanhook, Wilson of Camden, Walton, Wilson of Edgecombe, Whitfield, Williams of Martin and Ward.

Nays—Messrs. Bethune, Deberry, Davidson, Fuller, Franklin, Gray, Joiner, Jones, Locke, Love of Richmond, M'Millan, M'Neill, M'Eachin, Parker, Reinhardt and Williams of Beaufort.

Monday, Dec. 31.

The resolution, from the other House, to appoint a joint committee to inquire what measures the Legislature can adopt to protect the local Banks against the operation of the U. S. Bank at Fayetteville, was agreed to, and Messrs. Shober, McEachin, and Pickett were appointed. [Messrs. Alexander, Fisher, and Bynum form the committee on the part of the Commons.]

The report of the committee of Finance on the resolution relative to Miss Blakeley, was rejected, when Mr. Love, of Haywood, presented a resolution to discontinue the appropriation for the education of Miss Blakeley; which, on motion of Mr. Owen, was laid on the table.

Tuesday, Jan. 1, 1828.

Mr. Hurst presented a bill imposing an additional tax on suits in the Superior and County Courts of Duplin; and Mr. McEachin, a bill for the better regulation of the County Courts of Robeson; which passed 3 readings.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Saturday, Dec. 29.

Mr. Little presented a bill to provide for the appointment of Electors of President and Vice President by Districts; which was read and rejected, 34 votes to 91, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Adams, Allen of Montgomery, Barnhardt, Barnett, Benners, Blackledge, Blackwood, Borden, Brevard, Clement, Conrad, Dickinson, Falls, E. Foy, Glisson, Gaston, Hampton, Hastings, Hill, Hodges, Little, Lilly, Marshall, M'Diarmid, M'Lean, Pool, Purcell, Simpson, Smith, Summers, Troy, H. Walker, Washington, and A. Williams.

Nays—Messrs. Alexander, Allen of Buncombe, Baker, Ball, Barnard, Battle, Bateman, Blount, Boon, Boykin, W. A. Bozman, Brittain, Burke, Burns, Busbee, Bynum, Byrum, J. Bozman, Cherry, Clayton, Cooper, Cox, Davenport, Donoho, Douglass, Dozier, Eccles, Ellis, F. Foy, Gary, Gillespie, Gilmore, Glasgow, Gold, Gordon, Green, Harper, Hardy, Hough, Jackson, Jasper, W. W. Jones, R. H. Jones, H. C. Jones, Kerr, Kirkpatrick, King, Lawson, Leonard, Lewis, Love, Mann, Mitchell, Montgomery, Morehead, M'Millan, M'Nair, Nelson, Newland, Neill, Plummer, Riddick, Roberts, Ruffin, Salmons, Scott, Seawell, Sharpe, Shine, Simmons, Speller, Spruill, W. W. Stedman, N. A. Stedman, Stephens, Stewart, Styron, Thomas, Tillet, Underwood, Ward, R. Walker, Webb, Wheeler, White, Whitfield, Whitaker, Wilder, E. Williams and Wilkinson.

The bill introduced by Mr. McNair, to authorise the Trustees of Richmond Academy to raise $10,000 by lottery, was rejected.

Monday, Dec. 31.

Mr. Boykin presented a bill for the more convenient administration of justice in the County Courts of Sampson, which passed its three readings.

CAPTIONS *of Acts passed by the Legislature at its session*, 1827—28.

PUBLIC ACTS.

1. An act concerning the State Bank of North Carolina. [Authorizes and directs the Speaker of the Senate to exercise all the duties and powers in the meetings of the Stockholders, and in the Board of Directors of the State Bank, heretofore exercised by the Public Treasurer.]

2. To alter the act of 1804, fixing the time for paying purchase money into the Treasury on entries of land. [Extends the time for paying such money until the 1st January, 1828.]

3. Prescribing upon what evidence the Public Treasurer shall receive the purchase money for vacant and unappropriated land. [The want of the Entry Taker's certificates supplied by the warrant and plat of survey being filed with the Secretary of State. He is to grant a certificate, on which the Treasurer is to receive the purchase money.]

4. Extending the time for registering grants and mesne conveyances, powers of attorney, bills of sale, and deeds of gift. [Allows two years further time.]

5. Increasing the penalty of the official bonds of the clerks of the several courts of record in this State, and providing for the deposite and safe keeping of said bonds. [The bond to be in the sum of ten thousand dollars. Bonds of the clerks of the Superior Courts to be deposited in the offices of the clerks of the County Courts, and *vice versa* as to the clerks of the County Courts and clerks and masters in equity. Said bonds to be registered in the register's office, a certified copy thereof to be received in evidence; Judges of the Superior Courts and Justices of the County Courts to cause the bonds of the clerks of their respective courts to be acknowledged before them, and to give a certificate of such acknowledgment. Any clerk who shall enter upon the duties of his office before giving bond, shall be subject to a penalty of one thousand dollars.]

6. Allowing the right of challenge to the State in certain cases. [Authorizes the prosecuting officer in behalf of the State to challenge peremptorily four in all criminal cases of a capital nature.]

7. Concerning the Public Treasury. [Enforcing in a more rigid manner the accountability of the Treasurer, and incorporating the several acts of Assembly relative to the Treasury.]

8. Subjecting bail to costs. [Whenever a scire facias shall issue against bail, and said bail shall not, at the term of the Court to which he is bound to appear, be discharged from his liability by the death or surrender of his principal, the bail shall be liable for all costs.]

9. Supplementary to the several acts now in force for the relief of insolvent debtors. [Provides that whenever any debtor shall file a schedule of his effects, all debts due to such debtor shall vest in the sheriff, who is authorised to sue for and collect the same; and the moneys so collected to be distributed among the creditors.]

10. To amend the act of 1777, establishing courts of law, and regulating the proceedings therein. [Any person surrendered to the sheriff after the return court, or committed to the custody of the sheriff upon a surrender in court, shall have liberty, before final judgment, to give other bail.]

11. Making it the duty of sheriffs, coroners and constables to serve all notices required to be given in proceedings at law or in equity.

12. Reducing the number of petty musters to two in a year. [Captains to muster their companies once in six months.]

13. Appropriating $6,232 for the purpose of improving the navigation of Cape Fear river below Wilmington.

14. Prescribing the duty of the Committee of Finance. [Requires them, immediately on entering on their duty of the Finances, to count all the money in the Treasury, and report the amount to the Legislature.]

15. To change the time of holding the Supreme Court of this State. [Fixes the time of holding said Court on the first Monday in June and December.]

16. Amending the different acts concerning dower. [The jury not restricted to assign dower in every separate tract; but may assign in one or more, having regard to the interests of the heirs as well as the widow.]

17. For the relief of persons who have entries of land with entry takers, or who have had lands surveyed by surveyors, who have not renewed their bonds agreeably to law. [Entries and surveys made in the offices of entry takers and by surveyors, who have not renewed their bonds agreeably to law, rendered valid.]

18. Supplemental to the act of the present session, entitled "an act to alter an act, entitled 'an act to amend the 4th section of the act passed in 1804.'" [The provisions of said act to continue in force to the end of this Session.]

19. Amending the act of 1825, giving the assent of North Carolina to, and enforcing in this State, certain acts of the Legislature of Tennessee, relating to the Smoky Mountain turnpike road. [Authorizes the stockholders of said road to discharge their subscriptions by labor instead of money; and the appropriation of the State not to be paid until the road is completed.]

20. To continue in force the act of last session, entitled "an act to revive and continue in force an act, passed in the year 1824, to alter and amend an act for the relief of such persons as became purchasers of the Cherokee lands, sold under the authority of this State." [Continues in force said act until the meeting of the next General Assembly.]

21. Amending the 2d section of the act of 1801, so far as regards salvage. [Provides for the appointment of two commissioners, one to be selected by each party; and in case they disagree, they are to select an umpire. If any party should be dissatisfied with the decision, an appeal may be made to the Superior Court.]

22. Amending the act of 1820, entitled "an act to amend an act, entitled 'an act laying duties on sales at auction of merchandize.'"

23. Ceding to the United States a point of marsh on the south side of Neuse river, for the purpose of erecting thereon a light-house.

24. Continuing in force the act of 1823, directing a geological and mineralogical survey to be made of the State. [Continues in force the said act for one year.]

25. Amending the act of 1823, respecting the reservations of certain Indians in the lands lately acquired by treaty from the Cherokee Indians. [Whenever the Governor has reason to believe that the title set up by an Indian, or person claiming under any Indian, to a reservation under the treaties of 1817 and 1819, is not good, it shall be his duty to employ counsel to defend the title conveyed by the State.]

26. Relative to the sale of the estates of infants. [On application of the guardian of an infant, setting forth that the estate of the infant would be materially benefitted by a sale, the court of equity to whom the application is made may decree a sale, provided the facts set forth in the petition be found to be true.]

27. Providing more effectually for the representation of the Stock of the State held in the State Bank. [Authorizes the Governor, Secretary and Comptroller to appoint a person to represent the State at the annual meetings of the Stockholders of said Bank.]

28. To erect an arsenal on the south west corner of the Capitol Square.

29. Supplementary to the acts relative to the power of Courts of Equity in cases of partition. [Whenever a court of equity shall order the sale of real estate belonging to joint tenants in copercenary, the court at their discretion may direct such sale to be made on the premises, or at any place within the county.]

30. For the relief of clerks of courts and clerks and masters in equity. [Exempts clerks of the County, Superior and Supreme Courts and clerks and masters in equity from the penalties prescribed by the act of 1823, entitled "an act to amend and extend the provisions of an act to promote agriculture and family domestic manufactures within this State," who shall account for, and pay into the Treasury by the 1st of March next, all the moneys they were bound, by the before recited act, to have paid by the 1st December last.]

31. Extending the provisions of the act of 1822, granting further time to perfect titles of lands within this State. [Extends the provisions of said act to the 1st January, 1829.]

32. Limiting the appointment of Solicitor General and Solicitors to four years.

33. Making provisions for widows when they dissent from the wills of their husbands. [Allows the widow of a testator, out of her husband's estate, one year's provision, in the same manner as if her husband had died intestate.]

34. Prescribing the manner in which staves, heading and shingles shall hereafter be inspected. [Ten hundred staves, heading or shingles to be considered a thousand, and not twelve hundred as heretofore.]

35. Concerning the tax to be paid by persons peddling on certain streams. [Persons peddling on the south side of Albemarle Sound, and the waters emptying therein, (Roanoke and Cashie excepted,) to pay a tax of five dollars in each county in which they shall peddle.]

36. Amending the act of 1715, appointing public registers and directing the method to be observed in conveying lands, goods and chattels, and for preventing fraudulent deeds and mortgages.

37. Concerning the appointment of a keeper of the State House, and for the preservation of the statue of Washington.

38. To amend the act of 1826, prescribing the mode of surveying and selling the lands lately acquired from the Cherokee Indians. [Directs the Treasurer to pay to the surveyor, chain bearers, &c. employed in surveying said lands, the sums due them, as certified by the commissioners appointed under the act of 1826.]

39 In addition to the acts relative to weights and measures. [Makes it the duty of the justices of the county courts, which have not provided sealed weights, measures, stamps and brands, directed to be provided by the act of 1741, to provide the same at the charge of their respective counties.]

40. Concerning the entry of lands now covered by the waters of any of the lakes of this State. [Prohibits entry takers from receiving entries of such lands.]

41. Compelling the county trustee of each county to report the expenditures of the county in the prosecution and punishment of insolvent offenders.]

42. To regulate the payment of the salary of the Public Printer, Treasurer and Clerk of the Treasury Department, and to prescribe the manner in which printing shall hereafter be done for the departments of State, and for the preservation of the public buildings.

43. Supplemental to the act of this session, entitled "an act to alter an act entitled 'an act to amend the 4th section of an act passed in 1804.'"

44. Respecting certain reservations claimed by Indians in the lands lately acquired by treaty from the Cherokee Nation.—[Provides for the appointment of a commissioner by the Governor, to inquire into the titles of certain tracts of land claimed by individuals of the Cherokee Nation, and contract for the purchase of such tracts as said Indians shall have a good title for.]

45. Directing what construction shall be given to contingent executory limitations.

46. Making the endorsers of bills, bonds and promissory notes surety for the same. [After the first day of July next makes endorsers liable as surety without notice.]

PRIVATE ACTS.

To prevent the falling of timber in or obstructing the run of Caraway Creek in Randolph county.

Making it the duty of the Major Generals to review the second regiment of Randolph at their usual regimental muster ground.

Compelling the officers of Sampson County to hold their respective offices at the Court House.

Altering the name of, and legitimating Henry Rogers, of Duplin County.

Concerning the committee of finance and receivers of public moneys in Cumberland county.

Incorporating the Cotton Plant Steam Boat Company.

For the better regulation of the town of Kenansville.

Appointing commissioners to run and establish the boundary line between the counties of Bladen and Columbus.

Securing to Mary E. Rowland, of Robeson, such property as she may hereafter acquire.

Authorising and directing the Sheriff of Rowan to collect the taxes imposed by the commissioners of Salisbury.

Altering the time of holding the county courts of Brunswick.

Incorporating the Elizabeth City Marine Insurance Company.

Repealing the act of 1824, to authorise the payment of persons summoned to serve as talismen Jurors in Brunswick county.

Securing to Phebe McKaughan of Guilford, such property as she may hereafter acquire.

Securing to Christian Crittendon, of Stokes, such property as she may hereafter acquire.

Concerning the town of Carthage.

Authorising the county court of Rowan to appoint a committee of finance.

Authorising John Waddell, of Randolph, to erect two gates.

Altering the place of holding the separate election in that part of New Hanover county, called Canetuc.

Concerning the sheriff of Brunswick county.

Incorporating the town of Lexington.

To alter the dividing line between the 1st and 2d regiments of Guilford county.

Altering the time of holding the county courts of Davidson.

Concerning the committee of Finance of Montgomery county.

For the better regulation of the county courts of Robeson.

Incorporating the North Carolina Gold Mining Company.

For the more convenient Administration of justice in Sampson County.

Rendering valid certain acts of the acting coroner of Stokes county.

Establishing Wake Forest Pleasant Grove Academy.

Prescribing the time at which the county trustees of Randolph shall be elected and make their settlement.

Incorporating the Henrietta Steam Boat Company.

Incorporating the Ocracock Navigation Company.

Exempting from certain public duties the keeper of the poor house in Stokes county.

Legitimating Duncan Melvin and others, of Bladen.

Repealing the act of 1820, directing the county courts to pay fees to certain officers therein named, and in certain cases, so far as respects the county of Randolph.

Prescribing the manner in which the lands shall be hereafter advertised for sale for taxes in the counties of Anson and Surry.

Authorizing the commissioners therein named to purchase a site for a new court house in Bladen county.

Concerning the wardens of the poor for the counties of Washington, Randolph, Davidson, Camden, Lincoln and Wake.

Amending the act of 1810, entitled "an act passed in the year 1809, entitled 'an act to amend the several acts heretofore passed relative to the removal of obstructions to the passage of the fish up the several rivers within this State,'" as relates to the Peedee and Yadkin rivers.

For the better regulation of the towns of Newbern and Wilmington.

Incorporating the North Carolina Institution for the instruction of deaf and dumb.

Resolution in favor of Jesse Rogers, of Moore county.

Authorising Hardy B. Croom to withdraw from the public Library Lawson's history of North Carolina, for the purpose of republishing the same.

When, instead of the witnesses or the clients of each other, gentlemen of the bar pour their wit or their abuse upon their own fraternity, the spectacle from without the bar is deemed not only amusing but appropriate. The following ludicrous scene of this sort is said to have taken place in our Marine Court—between two gentlemen of the bar—the one rather *fat* and the other rather *small*.

Brother Fat—(to the court) I don't care what Mr. —— says, he is only a Moscheto, and I don't mind their stings.

Br. Small—I beg your pardon Mr. ——, but it is a fact in Natural History that Moschetos never sting *hogs*.

Br. Fat—Is it so, Mr.——? then you had better inform your acquaintances of it—they'll be glad to hear it.

Br. Small—Allow me then, Mr. ——, to communicate it to you, among the first.

Here the court (amid a roar of laughter) called the gentlemen to order.—*Nat. Adv.*

A society of *ladies* has been formed in Maine, "for the purpose of improving the manners of the gentlemen." Well done ladies! you have a hard task on hand, and we must request an equal attention to *morals* as well as manners. If your experiment succeeds, we advise the establishment of *branches* in our different cities, especially at Washington; much improvement is wanted there, but you will have barren soil to commence operations with. We should like to hear the nomenclature of the association.

N. Y. Enquirer.

A dead man's wish.—A clergyman on leaving his parish for a few days, desired his Clerk, if he should be particularly wanted, to let him know. An old man happened to die the following day, when the clerk wrote to the minister as follows; "Sur old Thomas Jenkins died this morning and wishes to be buried on Friday. I am Sur, Your Clerk.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

The ship Arab arrived at Philadelphia on Friday last, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 23d of November. But one Liverpool paper, of the 20th November, was received by the Arab, and its contents are unimportant.

The Allied Admirals have intimated to Lord Cochrane that he must discontinue his warlike operations. This is essential to enforcing a cessation of the war. They have also taken measures to put down the system of piracy carried on by the Greeks.

The national subscription for a monument to Mr. Canning, now amounts to the sum of £5138.

The sales of cotton at Liverpool, for the week ending on November 19, were about 18,050 bags, at former prices; at 5¾ to 6.

Washington, January 3.

It will be seen, by the account of Proceedings in the House of Representatives, yesterday, that the Committee of Roads and Canals has opened its budget, by reporting upon several subjects of Internal Improvement, of the first importance. Amongst the bills reported, is one authorizing a subscription of a million of dollars, on the part of the United States, to the Stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, which we fondly hope to see passed into a law.

Nat. Int.

The first day of the year was exceedingly propitious for the enjoyment of the promenade, and the exchange of the compliments of the season. As usual, the doors of the President's House were thrown open to receive the visits and salutations of his friends and fellow citizens. Amongst the visitors of the day were seen the Vice President, almost of the Senators and Representatives, the Secretaries of the several Departments, the officers of the Army and Navy residing at the Seat of Government, and a large assembly of respectable citizens and strangers with their ladies or families. The Foreign Ministers, and gentlemen attached to the several Legations, were generally present, perhaps all, without exception. The day passed off very agreeably, enlivened by music from the Marine Band, and by refreshments liberally distributed.—*Ib.*

Greensborough, N. C., Jan. 3

Melancholy Circumstance.—Mr. William Rankin, of this county, was found hanging to a tree in the woods on the 3d inst. Coroner's inquest was held over his body yesterday—the verdict was that he had come to his death by hanging himself in a fit of insanity. Mr. R. left home early on Sunday morning last, and was not seen until found in the above described situation; he has had frequent fits of insanity. He has left a wife and a numerous train of connections to deplore his unfortunate end.—*Patriot.*

From Noah's N. Y. Enquirer.

During the heat of the late election in this city, we sauntered towards one of the ward polls, and found that a complete battle-royal was raging. Three or four stout ping fellows were at it, with bloody noses, pommelling each other unmercifully; while several in the ring were encouraging the combatants with, "give it to him Kentuck, strike him under the fifth rib"—"mind the bread basket," and much of such mild and encouraging applause. When we got into the midst of them, they all ceased by common consent. "By the powers, here's Noah himself," said one of the combatants, "give it to his face. Oh, honey, *you dar'nt*—you're for our side." We soon found that the fight was between the Adams and Jackson men about a caricature, which they produced us, and to our surprise, and no small amusement, we discovered that the caricature was ourselves, mounted on an ark—at the stern was Cambreleng, and at the stern Noah man, with labels containing political illustrations; in the water was Van Buren swimming for life; the whole was so well executed, that we indulged in a hearty laugh at it, which set the belligerants in a good humor, and restored peace and harmony.

A rather ludicrous scene took place in Worcester (Eng.) lately. A coach passing along nearly ran over a servant girl, when the coachman called out 'Take care,' &c. The girl however, without attempting to escape the danger, looked up to the coachman with an air of offended pride, and said 'I is'nt Sally, or any such common stuff—I'm AMELIA ANN."

"The people always find fault with the Times, and some must always have reason for the merchant gains by peace as the soldier by war: the shepherd by the seasons, and the ploughman by drought: the city fills the country grows empty, while trade increases in one place it decays in another. In such variety of conditions and courses of life, men's designs and interests must be opposite to one another, and both cannot succeed alike: whether the winner laughs or no, the loser will complain, and rather than quarrel at his own skill or fortune, will do it with the dice or those he plays with, or the master of the house.—When any body is angry, somebody must be in fault: and those of such a kind which cannot be remedied, of accidents that could not be prevented, of miscarriages that could not be foreseen, are often thrown upon the government, and whether right or wrong, have the same effect of raising or increasing the popular discontents.

Sir William Temple.

In a late English paper, we observe the marriage of a daughter of some great Amsterdam banker, with a Dutch name of such a host of consonants that we can neither spell nor write it, to whom the indulgent father gives a portion of seven millions. Nick Crowquil would ask, "I vonder if she got any sisters."

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

SDAY AFTERNOON, JAN. 10, 1828.

d of Police.—At an election held on last, the following gentlemen were to compose the Board of Police for n of Fayetteville for the present year,

s D. Henry, Esq. Magistrate of Police.

COMMISSIONERS.

pson Boon, Esq. for	Ward No.	1.
Crusoe, Esq.	do.	2.
J. Mallett, Esq.	do.	3.
M. Dobbin, Esq.	do.	4.
Eccles, Esq.	do.	5.
ua Carman, Esq.	do.	6.
Kelly, Esq.	do.	7.

a called meeting of the Committee of nce and Correspondence, friendly to ection of General Jackson, held at the House on Tuesday, the 8th of January, Henry, Esq. in the Chair, and T. L. t, appointed Secretary.

hen on motion of Maj. Cameron, the fol- g Preamble and Resolutions were read dopted:

hereas this Committee was authorized by iends of General Jackson in Cumberland ty, to assist in the formation of an Elec- Ticket friendly to his election:

olved, That we approve of the mode recom- d by the meeting of the friends of Gen. Jack- Wake county, of County Meetings being called elegates being sent by them to meet in Conven- n the centre county of each Electoral District, e purpose of nominating an Elector for such dis-

olved, That the friends of Gen. Andrew Jack- hroughout the State, be requested to adopt the mode of nominating Electors, and that they immediate measures to carry the same into full

olved, That this Committee recommend a Con- on of the Delegates of the District of Fayetteville holden at the Court House of Richmond Coun- Rockingham, on the Tuesday of next Superior , in March next, for the purpose of nominating lector for said District; and that the Counties osing said Electoral District be requested also nd Delegates.

olved, That a delegation of five members, to be en by ballot, be sent to the said Convention at Rockingham, to represent the friends of Gen. Jack- n the county of Cumberland and town of Fayette-

olved, That the said Delegates be instructed to minate some suitable person for Elector for this ict who is known to be friendly to the election eneral Andrew Jackson as President, and John alhoun as Vice President of the U. States.

The following gentlemen were appointed elegates under the 5th resolution, viz: L. Henry, John A. Cameron, L. Bethune, D. Gillis, and John Black, Esqs.

On motion of Mr. Hale, it was ordered, that the Chairman of this meeting have power to fill any vacancy which may occur in the delegation.

On motion of T. L. Hybart, the following Resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the Delegates from this Committee the Convention to be held at Rockingham, Rich- nd county, be requested to propose to the other elegates of the District, our fellow citizen, Archi- ld McBryde, Esq. of Moore County, as a suitable son for Elector, to be recommended to the Dis- t, in case he shall be acceptable to said Conven-

On motion, it was ordered, that the pro- eedings be published in the *Observer* and *Journal*. On motion, adjourned.

L. D. HENRY, Chairman.

T. L. HYBART, Secretary.

Jackson Meetings.—Notices have been pub- hed, calling meetings of the friends of Gen. Jackson, in Granville and Warren counties, to have been held on Tuesday last.

A large and respectable meeting was held Hillsborough, on the 29th ult., at which he Hon. Fred'k. Nash presided, and Thos. J. Faddis was Secretary. A Committee of Correspondence and Vigilance, consisting of gentlemen, was appointed, and the Hon. Willie P. Mangum was recommended as a table candidate for Elector in that district.

A numerous and respectable meeting was eld at Elizabethtown, Bladen county, on the first inst., at which Daniel Shipman Esq. pre- ded, and Mr. Patrick Kelly acted as Secre- y. An appropriate report and resolutions re adopted, and the following gentlemen ointed a Committee of Correspondence: ilfith J. White, Patrick Kelly, Kenneth eod, Dugald McKethen, John McGill, ac Wright, Dr. Alex. McDowell, Daniel pman, Durham Lewis, Hugh McDugal, m. McKay and Lloyd McKay.

8th of January.—The anniversary of the rious victory of New Orleans has been ce- brated, we infer from the preparations ade, with great spirit in many parts of the untry. In this town it was honored by fir- g a Federal Salute at Meridian, and by a lendid Ball in the evening, at the Lafay- te Hotel.

The winter, until within a few days, has en a most extraordinary one—or rather it s been no winter at all. Up to Tuesday st, the weather was so mild as actually to use the blossoming of peach and plum trees. n Charleston, the papers state, green peas nd tomatoes were brought to market in con- derable quantities. The early part of Jan- ary, last year, was colder than it had been previously for forty years.

The Bank of Cape Fear has declared a di- idend of only 2 per cent. for the half year nding on the 31st ult.

The meeting of the Stockholders took place at Wilmington on Monday last, and was or- ganised by the appointment of ROBERT DON- ALDSON, Esq. Chairman, and Capt. JOHN LIP- PITT Secretary. As yet we have no further account of their proceedings.

The negro Jesse, who set fire to the hous in Cheraw, has been tried and convicted of the crime; and is sentenced to be hanged on the 18th inst.

The Legislature of this State adjourned on Monday morning last, after a session of 50 days, having passed 46 acts of a public, and 115 of a private nature, and 29 resolutions. The public acts, and those private ones relating to that section of country in which this paper chiefly circulates, will be found on the preceding page. The following proceedings of the last days of the session, deserve notice.

On Thursday, in the Commons, Mr. Stewart presented a bill to alter the time of meeting of the General Assembly, to the 1st Monday in November, which was rejected on its first reading; and Mr. Borden presented a bill to reduce the daily allowance of Members to two dollars, which met with the same fate, by a vote of 94 to 7.

Wm. J. Alexander, Wm. Robards, Nicholas J. Drake, and Emanuel Shober, were elected Trustees of the University, to fill vacancies.

Mr. Gaston's bill to provide for the gradual diminution of the capital stock of the Banks of this State, by the purchase and extinguishment of shares, was indefinitely postponed, 62 to 40.

In the Senate, the bill for the erection of a new county in the west, to be called Macon, was indefinitely postponed, 30 to 29.

The resolution directing the Governor to solicit from the Secretary of War the services of the Corps of U. S. Engineers, to survey the route for a Railroad from Newbern to the western part of the State, was rejected, 64 to 45. We presume (says the Raleigh Register) it would have passed, but for the amendment made to it, by Mr. Blackledge, denying the right of the General Government to carry on a system of Internal Improvements in the States.

We have not learnt that any report was made to the Legislature on the subject of protecting the local Banks against the operations of the United States Bank. And we believe that the prayer of the Cape Fear Bank for a relinquishment of the tax paid by that Institution to the State, was not granted.

A friend has favored us with the Report of the President and Directors of the Literary Fund, an Abstract of which we intended to publish this week, but are prevented by want of time and room.

By an arrangement with the widow and heirs of the late Treasurer, which received the sanction of the Legislature, all the Bank Stock owned by him at his death, is to be received by the State, at par, in part payment of his deficiency. Also, the negroes, (108 in number,) and all the real estate which, agreeably to his will, can be conveyed, are to be made over to the Governor, for the use of the State, and sold on a credit of 1, 2 and 3 years, under the direction of the Treasurer, Attorney General, and Col. Joseph Pickett. A suit is also to be instituted, to ascertain, judicially, the amount of the defalcation.

There is so much of mystery about this defalcation, and the Treasurer stood before the world with so perfectly fair a character, that we, in common with the whole people of the State, have hoped that there was some mistake, which would be discovered, and that it would finally appear that the Treasurer was no defaulter. We grieve to say, that no fact has been disclosed to place the matter in such a favorable light. There is one circumstance, and we have no pleasure in stating it, which proves conclusively, we think, that the deficiency is of more than a year's standing. It is this:—That in the Annual Treasury Report of 1826, it is stated that there was deposited in the two Banks at Raleigh, the sum of $84,248; and that *there remained in the Treasury, to meet the current demands*, the sum of $84,220. This was shortly before the meeting of the Legislature; and it appears that the Treasurer, during that session, checked on the Banks for the sum of $34,455, being nearly as much as the entire demands on the Treasury during the session. If the money had been in the Treasury, as reported, it would no doubt have been applied to the purpose for which it was said to be retained. The inference is, we think, evident, *that it was not there.*

The Electoral Law.—The Raleigh Star states that the vote on changing the Electoral Law was a pretty correct test of the strength of parties in the Legislature. "It is true," says the Star, "that the votes of a few individuals, on both sides, were unaffected by party views, some few on either side having voted contrary to the majority of their party. But these, we understand, were nearly equal; still leaving the result of the vote, on placing each number with its respective party, in relative strength, the same. In the House of Commons, the vote was 34 to 91; in the Senate, 16 to 43—shewing a majority of more than two-thirds opposed to the administration; to which may be added the Speakers of the two Houses, who, of course, did not vote on the occasion."

North Carolina Notes.—We have before us the proceedings of the meeting at Norfolk, Va., to devise means to put a stop to the circulation of N. C. Notes in that town. A preamble and resolutions were adopted, (by no means unanimously, we infer from the remarks in the Norfolk papers,) asserting that "it is of the first importance that an entire and total stop be put to the circulation in that town of the Notes of the several Banks of N. Carolina," "and to restore the long excluded paper of their own specie paying Banks;" the citizens present pledging themselves not to take these Notes in any way. Measures were also taken to procure the co-operation of the public in this pledge.

The publication of Mr. Yancy's report on the condition of the Banks, has effected a great reduction of the discount on Cape Fear Notes at Norfolk. The Beacon of Saturday last quotes as follows: "State Bank, Cape Fear, and Newbern Notes, 4 to 4½ per cent. discount in ordinary transactions—Brokers' exchange 4½ to 5 for State Bank and Cape Fear, and 6 for Newbern Notes."

New Post Office.—A Post Office has been established at "Waughtown, Stokes county, N. C." of which *P. Transu*, Esq. is Postmaster.

The Press.—It is really melancholy to witness the great lengths to which the conductors of the public press permit themselves to go, in these times of party feuds and political excitement. To the looker on, it must be disgusting to witness the illiberality and even rancourous hostility manifested by editors towards each other, merely because they happen to differ upon some political question, or in the really insignificant but much magnified discussions about *men*, with which *principle* has nothing to do, or is lost sight of.—Even these, however, are tolerable, when conducted in a spirit of forbearance and moderation, and without losing sight of that respect which is due (*if aught is due*) to an opponent. But instead of employing the terms of respect which would inspire corresponding feelings in the public mind, too many editors use terms of reproach and obloquy, *which also produce corresponding feelings*, not so much towards the person abused, as towards the abuser, and the conductors of the press generally. The consequence must be—nay, has been—a gradual undermining of the influence of the press—sapping the foundations of that pillar of strength on which all free governments should and must rest. But we have not the presumption to hope that we can reform the abuses of the press by men who cast off all dignity and self respect. The idea would be too Quixotic.

During our editorial career, it has been our aim to avoid collisions with our brother editors, which are almost always carried on to the amusement or disgust of the public, at the expense of the parties. In this aim, we have succeeded better than most of our contemporaries; and, in those controversies which have occurred, nave never, *but once*, had the misfortune to be forced into a controversy with one who had not some pretensions to the character of a gentleman. But setting aside that case, we do not remember to have suffered a more unprovoked and undeserved attack than that made upon us in the last *Cheraw Spectator*. It is beneath the dignity of the editor, as a gentleman, which we have charity enough to suppose him to be, unless the contrary appear. It charges us with "the pitiful little malignity of praising an individual act at the expense of a numerous population!" because we had heard, and so stated, that the late fire in Cheraw was finally arrested chiefly by the exertions of a Kentucky drover. Did ever before so preposterous an idea enter into the head of a man in his right reason! The inference of "malignity" from such premises is more discreditable to him who draws it than to us, especially as he himself admits the great instrumentality of the Kentuckian. But if we had erred as to that fact, would it not have been much more dignified and gentlemanly to have informed us of the mistake which he knew we did not assert of our own knowledge, than to indulge in a strain of personal abuse, unwarranted by any thing that he can possibly have seen in our course as a public journalist, and particularly unjust from one who has no knowledge of our character as a private citizen? What sort of imagination must he have, what sort of heart must he have, who could *presume* "malignity" and "baseness" from our manner of noticing the fire at Cheraw? We say again, that the whole paragraph of the Spectator is as unjust to us as it is unworthy of him as a gentleman. Its temper is waspish and suspicious in the extreme.

We have dwelt longer upon this subject than the case, if it were a solitary one, would deserve; but such things are now become so common—the respect for private and individual character is so lost sight of—and defamation of men is so mingled and blended with the political discussions of the day—that they are quite intolerable, and must, if persisted in, drive all but men hardened by abuse, and callous to every finer feeling of human nature, from the conducting of the public journals of the country, the main pillar, as they are called, (and justly, while in honest keeping,) of our independent government.

Let the Editor of the Spectator employ his talents more usefully; and not condescend to make personal attacks upon individuals of whom he knows nothing personally, nor any thing discreditable.

Mr. Gaston.—It is said at Washington that the appointment of Minister to England will probably be tendered to this eminent citizen. We shall rejoice to see it, as there are few men in the country whose talents and worth are held in higher and more deserved estimation.

Mr. Clay's Address.—On our first page, we have copied the remarks of two prints, the National Intelligencer and Richmond Enquirer (which may be considered as at the head of the two parties) on the late publication of Mr. Clay. The Address itself is entirely too voluminous for our paper. After a hasty perusal of it, we are confirmed in the opinion lately expressed, that Mr. Clay had formed and expressed his determination, several weeks previous to the election, to vote for Mr. Adams; and that consequently he is innocent of the charges made against him.

Congress.—The proceedings of Congress do not possess much interest, if we except the bills reported by Mr. Mercer, Chairman of the Committee on Roads and Canals, 1st, Authorising a subscription of one million of dollars to the stock of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company. 2d. For the preservation, repair, and continuance of the Cumberland Road. 3d. To regulate the laying out and marking of the National Road from the city of Washington to New Orleans.

We received the 58th No. of the North American Review, for January, 1828, this morning. The first article, occupying 40 pages, is on "Chief Justice Marshall's Public Life and Services."

The Supreme Court have appointed John L. Henderson of Salisbury, their Clerk, *vice* Wm. Robards, resigned. The following young gentlemen have been admitted to the practice of the Law, during the present Term, viz:

Superior Courts.—Reuben Pickett, Anson; Wm. A. Graham, Hillsborough; Ralph Gorrel, Guilford.

County Courts.—Lincoln Clark, Stokes; Isaac Hamilton, Wayne; Robert R. Heath, Edenton; Thomas W. Watts, Martin.

The following is the communication mentioned last week. The author has a second time requested its insertion.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

Mr. Editor:

"Who steals my purse, steals trash; 'tis something, nothing,
'Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been slave to thousands:
But he, that filches from me my good name,
Robs me of that, which not enriches him,
And makes me poor indeed."

Such is the fate of poor Mr. Ford—I will not say *Reverend*, because *that* from the tenor of the language of the Journal seems to be put in merely to make it more awful, although it may be his title. It has doubtless been represented to Mr. F. by the School Committee, that this place with its vicinity would furnish him with a sufficiency of Scholars to support him respectably. Mr. F., under this impression came here, and finds himself disappointed, not only in the number of scholars, but also in their acquirements. He then, in order to satisfy himself, publishes a note particularly requesting the Parents and Guardians to send in their names previous to the end of December, in order to know what further exertions he is to make—and what is the result? Not exceeding ten send in their names, as I understand. Now can a Teacher, who has devoted nearly his whole life to prepare himself for the arduous task, set down and teach thirty or forty scholars—none of which are sufficiently advanced to give any exertion to his mind? A Teacher too so well calculated for the higher branches? Impossible. Mr. Ford was deceived—although it may have been unintentional. Whatever the Editor of the Journal's motives may have been in treating Mr. F. as he has done—he has done wrong. Whether he will succeed to injure him or not, time will determine; but I hope Mr. F's talents will triumph over all. He ought to think well before he attempts publicly, to destroy the character of a man of family, who has to depend on his talents and the public for his living. He points in the conclusion, to his advertisement—that will sufficiently show, that every inducement was held out to Mr. F. for coming here. When *he* came—*what a change!* That spirit for *literature* he found not—nor that support which his talents claimed, or that he was induced to believe he should have. Although the Journal states that the exercises of the Academy, under his charge, would recommence on the 1st January—this though under the impression that he would meet with that encouragement the Committee represented. Finding himself disappointed a second time, he, without further apology, leaves the place for a better situation. His feelings, his interest, and in fact his duty to himself and his family induced him to do it, without the persuasion of 'Bob Logic,' who no doubt had some influence.

PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected weekly, by a Committee of Merchants.

MERCHANDISE.		Quan'ty rated.	From D.C.	To D.C.
Beef, Fresh in Market,	-	lb.	3	
Brandy, Cognac	-	gallon	1 25	1 60
Apple	-	do	33	37
Peach	-	do	40	45
Bacon	-	lb	8	10
Beeswax	-	do	25	26
Butter	-	do	15	20
Bagging	-	yard	20	24
Coffee, Prime Green	-	lb	16	18
2d & 3d qual.	-	do	15	16
Candles, Mould	-	do	16	
Spermaceti,	-	do		34
Cotton	-	100lbs	7	8 50
Corn	-	bushel	40	
Copperas	-	100lbs	4	5
Flax	-	do	15	18
Flaxseed, Rough	-	bushel	80	90
Flour, Superfine	-	barrel	4 50	4 50
Fine	-	do	4 25	4 50
Fish, Herrings (none)	-	do		
Mackerel	-	do	5 50	6
Mullet	-	do	4 50	5
Feathers	-	lb	25	
Gin, Holland	-	gallon	90	1 25
Country	-	do	43	45
Ginger	-	lb	10	12½
Glass, Amer. 8 by 10	-	50 feet	3 75	4 50
10 by 12	-	do	6	6
Hides, Buenos Ayres,	-	lb		
West India,	-	do		
Iron	-	100 lb	5 50	6 50
Indigo, Bengal	-	lb	2 75	3
Flotant	-	do	2 75	3
Lime	-	cask	2 50	3
Lard	-	lb	7	7½
Leather, Skirting	-	do	30	35
Sole	-	do	28	30
Bridle	-	side	3	4
Lead, Bar	-	lb	9	10
Logwood	-	100 lb	2 50	3
Molasses	-	gallon	35	40
Nails, Cut, assorted	-	lb	8 50	9
Wrought	-	do	18	20
Shingles	-	1000	1 50	2
Oats,	-	bushel		30
Oil, Currier's	-	barrel	18	20
Linseed	-	gallon	80	1
Pork	-	barrel		10
Pepper	-	lb	20	22
Pimento	-	do	28	30
Plaster, Paris	-	ton	7 50	10
Powder, Dupont's	-	Keg	7 50	8
Others	-	do	5	7 50
Paints, White Lead	-	do	3 50	4
Spanish Brown	-	do	2	2 80
Yellow Ochre	-	do	2 50	
Rum, Jamaica	-	gallon	1 25	1 50
Wind. Island	-	do	70	80
New England	-	do	50	
Rice	-	100 lb	3 50	4
Rags	-	lb	2	6
Shot	-	Bag	2 75	
Sugar, Mus. Prime	-	100 lb	11	11½
Common	-	do	9 50	10½
Loaf	-	lb	19	20
Salt, Liverpool	-	bushel	80	85
Turks Island, St. Ubes, &c.	-	do		80
Salts, Epsom	-	lb	10	12 50
Glauber	-	do	5	
Steel, American	-	do	8	9
E. Blistered	-	do	16	18
German	-	do	17	18
Salt-petre	-	do	12	15
Tallow	-	do	9	10
Tea, Imp. and Gunp.	-	do	1 50	1 75
Hyson	-	do	1 20	
Tobacco, Leaf	-	100 lb	2 75	3 25
Manufactured	-	do	5	20
Tin, ⅛ x	-	box	16	18
Verdigris	-	lb	65	
Wheat	-	bushel	70	73
Whiskey	-	gallon	30	32
Wines, Madeira, L. P.	-	do	2 50	4
Sicily Madeira	-	do	1 25	1 50
Teneriffe	-	do	1 25	1 50
Port	-	do	2 00	3 25
Malaga	-	do	70	80

Revolutionary Officers.—A writer in the New York Evening Post estimates the number of surviving officers of the Revolutionary army throughout the United States, who come within the resolves of the continental Congress for half pay, at, for New Hampshire 12, Massachusetts 30, Rhode Island 6, Connecticut 24, Vermont 10, New York 28, New Jersey 7, Pennsylvania 20, Maryland 16, Delaware 3, Virginia 16, North Carolina 8, South Carolina 8, Georgia 6, and 56 for deficiencies, making 250 in all. He states that the whole amount claimed by those officers will amount to but one million two hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars.

Taking physic.—David Hartley eat two hundred pounds weight of soap to cure the stones yet died of that disease. Bishop Berkely drank a butt of tar water. Meyer, in a course of chemical neutralization, swallowed twelve huudred pounds of crabs' eyes. In the German Ephemerides, the case of a person is described who had taken so much elixir vitriol that his keys were rusted in his pocket by the transudation of the acid through the pores of the skin. Another patient is said to have taken argentum nitratum in solution till he became blue.

[There are several poisonous drinks, in common use, which produce *blueness* with rapid effect. We have seen great numbers, men in apparent health too, swallow these powerful and dangerous medicines till they were '*blue as a razor.*']

A letter from a gentleman in Montgomery (Alabama) to the Postmaster in this city states that the steam mail boat Columbia, on her passage from New Orleans to Mobile, was burnt on the 21st ult. together with the mail, and all the baggage of the passengers. No lives were lost.—*Charleston Mercury.*

DIED,

In Granville County, on the 25th ult., in the 18th years of his age, HENRY P. HILLYARD, son of Benjamin Hillyard, Esq. He was a young man of considerable promise—amiable in his disposition, and steady in his habits. His loss is deeply deplored by his numerous friends. [*Communicated.*

Notice.

A Meeting of the Citizens of Fayetteville and its vicinity, is respectfully requested at the Town House on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, for the purpose of reorganizing the Colonization Society formerly existing in this place. There will probably be some addresses delivered which, together with the importance of the object itself, it is hoped will secure a general attendance.

JAMES NOURSE,
Agent of the Amer. Col Society.

January 10.

Mrs. Jones's School

FOR Young Ladies will commence again on the first of February next. Small girls, who are to be engaged in the mere elementary parts of education, will be taken at an inferior price. Letters on the subject may be addressed to Mrs. Jones, Rock Rest, Chatham County.

January 7, 1828. 53-3t.

Shocco Female Academy.

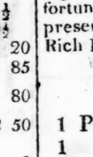
MRS *LUCAS* respectfully informs her friends and the public, that the Exercises of the above Academy will be resumed on the *first Monday in February next.* The utmost attention will be paid to the morals and behavior of the Young Ladies placed in this Seminary; and its retired, pleasant and healthy situation; its salubrious air and water, make it a desirable residence for youth; and being a few miles only from the stage road, it affords opportunities for parents and guardians of regular communication with their children or wards.

In addition to the usual Elements of education, and Plain and Ornamental Needlework, the young ladies will be instructed in Geography, History, Astronomy, Botany, Drawing, Painting on velvet, Music &c.

TERMS.—Board and Tuition $50 per session.—Music $20 per session, payable in advance.

Warren County, December 30, 1827. 53 3tp.

Mrs. Hansford



INFORMS her friends, that she has removed from the house which she has occupied for some years past, and taken as her future residence, the commodious and convenient tenement on Main street, next door to the Bank of Virginia. The situation of this house cannot be surpassed, as to convenience for travellers, by any in Norfolk. It is in the immediate centre of business, and within a few minutes walk of the Steam Boats and Stage Offices; and has recently been thoroughly repaired, and fitted up and furnished in a manner suitable for the accommodation of genteel boarders. There is also attached to the establishment, a very good Stable; and the attendance in the house, in which new arrangements have been made, will, it is believed, be always satisfactory.

The following are her TERMS, which, it is hoped, will be considered reasonable; and which are *reduced* suitably to the times:

Board and lodging for one person per annum,				$250
Do	do	do	for a quarter,	70
Do	do	do	for a month,	28
Do	do	do	for a week,	8
Do	do	do	for a day,	1 25

Families will be accommodated on terms liberally proportioned to the above rates; and the *extra* charge for wine, &c will be moderate.

Norfolk, Va., January 3, 1828. 53-9w.

Look Out for Prizes!

Next Wednesday,

THE Drawing of the Virginia State Lottery, 11th Class, will take place in Richmond The Drawing will be received on Saturday following, and the fortunate holders receive the cash for the Prizes on presentation. The Scheme contains the following Rich Prizes, amounting to near

$100,000, in various sums.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$15,000	10 Prizes of	$200
1	5,000	20	100
1	2,500	46	50
1	1,750	46	40
1	1,500	46	30
1	1,086	92	15
4	1,000	1050	10
6	500	8280	5
10	250		

9624 Prizes, 15180 Blanks. } 24,804 Tickets.

Tickets 5 *dolls.*, *Halves* 2 50, *Quarters* $1 25.

Tickets in all Lotteries of respectability can be had at either of our Offices, personally or by letter.

☞Orders promptly attended to.

YATES & McINTYRE,
Fayetteville or Raleigh.

January 10, 1828.

POETRY.

Mr. Hale:—The following piece of poetry by Selleck Osborne, possesses so much of the genuine spirit of poetry, that it cannot well fail to please every lover of good verse. A poetical talent able to draw from so *fumid* a subject, such rich lessons of morality, and to clothe them in such rare poetical beauty, must surely have been no common one, and to enrich the world with its productions, is not merely a pleasure but a duty. ZEL.

TO MY SEGAR.

Yes, social friend, I love thee well,
In learned doctor's spite,
I love thy fragrant misty smell,
I love thy calm delight.

What if they tell, with phizzes long,
Our years are sooner past?
I would reply with reason strong,
They're sweeter while they last.

And oft, mild tube, to me thou art
A monitor, though still;
Thou speak'st a lesson to my heart
Above the preacher's skill.

When, in the lonely ev'ning hour,
Attended but by thee,
O'er hist'ry's varied page I pore,
Man's fate in thee I see.

Awhile like thee the hero burns,
And smokes and fumes around,
And then like thee to ashes turns,
And mingles with the ground.

Thou'rt like the man of worth, who gives
To goodness every day,
The fragrance of whose virtues lives,
When he has pass'd away.

Oft when thy showy column grows
And breaks and falls away,
I trace how mighty realms thus rose,
Then tumbled to decay!

From beggar's frieze to monarch's robe,
One common doom is pass'd;
Sweet Nature's works, the mighty globe,
Must all burn out at last.

And what is he who smokes thee now?
A little moving heap!
That soon like thee to fate must bow,
Like thee in dust must sleep.

And when I see thy smoke roll high,
Thy ashes downward go,
'Tis thus, methinks, my soul shall fly,
Thus leave my body low.

The following piece, by the same author, is no less deserving and genuine poetry, though the muse is of rather a grave character. It has before been often published, but its reperusal must better the moral feeling of him who has or has not before seen it. ZEL.

THE RUINS.

I've seen, in twilight's pensive hour,
The moss clad dome, the mouldering tower,
In awful ruin stand;
That dome, where grateful voices sung,
That tower, whose charming music rung,
Majestically grand.

I've seen, 'mid sculptur'd pride, the tomb
Where heroes slept in silent gloom,
Unconscious of their fame;
Those who, with laurell'd honours crown'd,
Among their foes spread terror round,
And gained—an empty name!

I've seen in Death's dark palace laid,
The ruins of a beauteous maid,
Cadaverous and pale;
That maiden who, while life remained,
O'er vernal charms in triumph reign'd,
The mistress of the vale.

I've seen, where dungeon damps abide,
A youth, admired in manhood's pride,
In fancied greatness rave,
Who once, in reason's happier day,
Was virtuous, witty, noble, gay,
Learn'd, generous, and brave.

Nor dome, nor tower, in twilight's shade,
Nor hero fallen, nor beauteous maid,
To ruin all consigned,
Can with such pathos touch the breast,
As on the maniac's form impress'd,
The Ruins of a noble Mind.

GALES'S NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACK,

FOR

1828,

CONTAINING, besides the usual Astronomical Calculations, some useful Essays on Agriculture a variety of valuable Recipes, and much instructing and entertaining matter, just received and for sale, wholesale and retail, at the Publishers' prices, by

E. J. HALE,

September 27. *Fayetteville.*

Notice.

THE Books and Accounts of Capt. A. McNair, are assigned over to the subscriber. All persons indebted to the said A. McNair, will make immediate payment otherwise they will be sued indiscriminately.

MATTHEW RYBURN, *Trustee.*

November, 8, 1827.—44*tf.*

Just received and for Sale,

A VALUABLE collection of *BOOKS*, Theological, Miscellaneous, and School. 1 case Window Blinds, which are now open and ready for examination, at the Auction Store of the Subscriber.

L. FITZHARRIS, *Auctioneer.*

December 4, 1827. 48tf.

For Liverpool.

The fast sailing ship *ATLAS*, Captain *Lawton*, has one half freight engaged, and will have dispatch. For freight or passage, apply to

JOHN LIPPITT & Co., or to
WM. H. LIPPITT, Wilmington.

Fayetteville, November 15. 45*tf.*

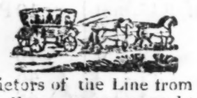
For Liverpool,

The fine, fast sailing Brig *Union*, WILLIAM BUHR Master, 218 tons burthen, has part of freight engaged, will have despatch. For freight or passage, apply to

JOHN LIPPITT, & CO., or
WM. H. LIPPITT, *Wilmington.*

December 20. 50tf.

Charleston Stages.



THE Proprietors of the Line from this place to Godfrey's Ferry, are prepared to carry seven Passengers daily with the Mail, and to accommodate with an Extra, so as to avoid travelling at night,

Fayetteville, November 1, 1827. 47tf.

Sugar, Molasses, &c.

RECEIVED BY THE LATE ARRIVALS,

10 Hhds. prime St. Croix Sugar,
15 do Porto Rico do.
17 do. bright retailing Molasses,
5 pipes superior French Brandy,
6 casks Northern Cheese,
10 nhds. and 20 bbls N. E. Rum,
50 bags Cuba Coffee,

For sale by WILLKINGS & CO.

December 18, 1827. 49tf.

A Reading Room,

FOR the accommodation of Citizens and Strangers, is opened *THIS DAY*, at the Lafayette Hotel. Price to Subscribers $5 per annum. Strangers admitted gratis. No citizen of the town admitted except such as subscribe. WM. TRACY.

December 20. 50tf.

Notice.

THE Subscriber has an Office in the upper end of the Brick Row, near Hay Mount, south side of Hay Street, where he may be found at all times, when not out on business. He tenders his services to any Gentleman, who may have Job Writing, such as posting their books, making out accounts, &c. to do, and pledges himself, not only to be diligent, but also to use the utmost fidelity and secrecy in all matters relating to any writing committed to his care.

WILLIAM LOCKE.

November 20, 1827. 48tf;

Superior Work.

THE Subscriber has established a BLACKSMITH'S SHOP, near to his Office on Hay Street, Brick Row, in which he has employed a first rate Smith, and expects to manufacture, in a style of superior workmanship, all kinds of Edge Tools, such as Axes, &c., and do any kind of Job Work in that line, with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Horses Shod in the very best manner.*

WILLIAM LOCKE.

November 20, 1827. 48tf.

POTTER'S Vegetable Catholicon.

A FRESH supply just received and for sale by the Subscriber, agent for the Proprietor.

ROBT. T. GOODWIN.

November 29. 47tf.

John Lippitt & Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,

15 Hhds. prime Muscovado Sugar,
25 bbls. good do.
30 bags Coffee,
40 tierces New Orleans Molasses,
Bbls. Malaga Wine, N. E. Rum and Gin,
100 casks cut Nails, assorted sizes,
1,200 bushels Liverpool Salt,
Pepper, Alspice and Ginger,
Cotton, wool and machine Cards,
Indigo, Madder, Annatto Verdigrise,
Saltpetre and Patent Medicines, *as usual.*

—*Also*—

300 heavy Hides,
10 bbls. Tanner's Oil,
50 casks fresh Lime.

November 15. 45tf.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

SAMPSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1827.

Cornelius and Alexander Colbreth, *vs.* The Court. Petition for Distribution.

IT appearing to the Court that Effy Ellums & Jane Frazier, (distributees and parties interested in this petition) are not inhabitants of this State. It is *Ordered by the Court*, that publication be made for six weeks in the *Carolina Observer*, for the said parties to appear at the next Court to be held for the County of Sampson, at the Court House in Clinton, on the third Monday in February next and plead, answer, or demur, or the petition will be taken pro confesso and heard exparte.

Witness, *Thos. I. Faison*, Clerk of said Court, at Office, the 12th of December, 1827.

THOS. I. FAISON, C. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

SAMPSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1827.

Cornelius and Alexander Colbreth, *vs.* The Court. Petition for Partition.

IT appearing to the Court that Effy Ellums & Jane Frazier, (parties interested in this petition) are not inhabitants of this State. It is *Ordered*, that publication be made for six weeks in the *Carolina Observer*, for the said parties to appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Sampson, at the Court House in Clinton, on the third Monday in February next, and plead, answer, or demur to said petition, or it will be taken pro confesso and heard exparte.

Witness, *Thos. I. Faison*, Clerk of said Court, at Office, the 12th of December, 1827.

THOS. I. FAISON, C. C.

Notice.

The Western Commercial Stage Line

WILL leave Fayetteville every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Morning, arrive at Cheraw the same nights, and will proceed every Sunday Morning for Charlotte and Tennessee.

Passengers will be carried for $5 per passenger, with reasonable baggage, from Fayetteville to Cheraw; and will run the route in 13 hours, unavoidable accidents excepted.

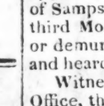
All Cheraw Bank Notes, endorsed by me for David Horney, will be taken in payment for Stage Fare from Fayetteville to Knoxville, Tennessee.

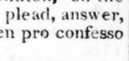
Seats to be taken at the Mansion Hotel.

THOMAS DAVIS, Agent.

October 26, 1827. 43-tf.

Boots and Shoes.





THE subscriber has just received, in addition to his former stock, *Seventy five Packages* of Boots and Shoes, which he offers at wholesale or retail, at reduced prices for cash.

H. G. NELSON.

N. B. Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Pumps made to measure, as usual, in the first style, at short notice.

October 25. 90tf.

Leather.

THE Subscribers will keep a constant supply of the following kinds of *LEATHER* on hand, which they will sell low for cash, viz.

Skirting, first quality,
Harness and bridle Leather,
Padding and facing Skins,
Binding and lining do.
Calf and kip do.
Wax and grain upper,
Buff horse hides,
Sole Leather of different kinds,
Hog skins, &c. &c. &c.

WILLIAMS & FENN.

November 8, 1827. 1tf.

New Goods.

C. & P. MALLETT,

Have just received their Fall and Winter Supply of

GOODS,

WHICH they offer to their friends and the public on their usual terms, at their old stand.

Their assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery and Glass, is good. Their stock of Groceries very choice, among the latter, a few puncheons old Grenada Rum, Cognac Brandy, Holland Gin, Madeira and other Wines, Flint's best Segars, and Myer's Richmond Chewing Tobacco, Thomas's Loaf Sugar and Muscatel Bunch Raisins.

Country Produce at full market prices received in payment.

November 1, 1827. 43tf.

New Goods.

CLAYLAND & BOWEN,

HAVING just received their *Fall and Winter Supply of STAPLE & FANCY*

DRY GOODS,

offer them unusually low for Cash.

Also,

A General Assortment of HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

Also,

CROCKERY WARE, in packages to suit country Merchants.

Oct. 17, 1827—41tf

Cheap Goods.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE N. YORK AUCTIONS,

A Great variety of cheap *DRY GOODS*, consisting of *Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Domestics*, of all kinds, *Fancy Articles, Perfumery*, &c. &c. &c., which we are disposed to sell on very favorable terms for cash, or exchange for most kind of Country Produce.

ALSO,

1 Pipe choice Cogniac Brandy,
1 do real Holland Gin.
3 do Madeira and Canary Wine,
1 Hhd. Jamaica Rum, (10 years old)
1 do St. Croix, do.
5 Qr. casks Teneriffe and Malaga Wine,
4 Casks brown Stout and Phila. Porter,
Fresh Imperial and Hyson Tea,
N. York Crackers, Smoked Beef, &c. &c.

WILLIAMS & FENN.

Fayetteville, Nov. 1. 44-*tf.*

For Sale, by Willkings & Co.

20 hhds. Bright Molasses,
10 hhds. N. E. Rum,
5 hhds. Baltimore Whiskey,
30 bbls. good Brown Sugar,
10 bbls. Loaf Sugar,
12 bbls. Porto Rico Coffee,
20 bbls. old Rye Whiskey,
30 bbls. Apple Brandy,
3 bbls. Glauber Salts,
75 casks Lime,
5 qr. casks Malaga Wine,
20 bags prime Coffee,
10 bags Jamaica Pimento,
10 bags Rase Ginger,
25 pieces Dundee 42 inch Cotton Bagging,
35 boxes Tumblers and Decanters,
5 boxes Apothecary Bottles,
15 boxes Cotton Cards,
Sperm. Candles and Chocolate,
8 by 10 & 10 by 12 Baltimore Window Glass,
Looking Glasses, & Domestic Cotton Goods.

Sept. 25, 1827.

The Subscribers

HAVE received and offer for sale, at their Store in the Brick Row, at the foot of Hay Mount, a few doors west of Hall & Johnson's—

40 Pieces cotton Bagging,
21 coils Rope,
1000 lbs bar Lead,
30 kegs Shot, well assorted,
Blacksmith's Vices and Anvils,
Sledge and hand Hammers,
Indigo and Madder,

On Hand,

15 hhds. Molasses,
30 bbls. Sugar,
25 bags Coffee,
Upper and sole Leather,
Wagon Boxes, Iron and Steel,
Rum, Brandy and Whiskey,
A good assortment of Castings,

All of which they offer at low prices for cash or country produce.

WHITEHEAD & FULLER.

☞ They will receive Cotton on Storage.

October 11, 1827. 40tf.

North Carolina ALMANACKS,

FOR

1828.

THE Subscribers, Agents for the publishers, have just received a supply, which they will sell by the gross, dozen, or single.

WILLIAMS & FENN.

September 20, 1827. 37tf.

$20 Reward.

RANAWAY from our Mills at Wilmington, four or five weeks since, a dark mulatto Man named CHARLES, 26 or 27 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches in height, and stoutly built. We purchased Charles in January, 1826; he has wrought with our Carpenters most of the time since. He was formerly owned by Mr. Louis Readie, of Meville's Creek, Beaufort county, 15 miles below North Washington, on Pamplico.

We have some cause to suspect that he may have joined some runaways belonging either to Sampson or Wake county.

We will give Twenty Dollars for his apprehension and delivery to us, or Ten Dollars on his being safely lodged in any Jail in the State.

C. & P. MALLETT.

Fayetteville, May 17, 1827.—19–tf.

Tan Yard.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he purchased (twelve months since) the *TAN YARD* formerly conducted by Wm. Cameron. He has made many improvements, and has it under the management of the most experienced Workmen from the North. He is now ready to receive orders for all kinds of *LEATHER*, and has on hand, to dispose of on the most reasonable terms:

300 Sides Sole Leather at the reduced price of - - - 25 Cts. per lb.
200 do Black Harness do. 30 do do.
200 do Russet do do. 30 do do.
200 do Skirting do do. 30 do do.
500 do Wax and Grained Upper, Kip, Calf, Sheep and Deer Skins, &c.

ALSO,

Wool and Hair for *Plastering*
Cash paid for Dry and Green *Hides.*

H. G. NELSON.

Fayetteville, December 13. 97-tf.

Horne's Introduction

TO the critical study and knowledge of the Holy Scriptures. One copy of this celebrated work may be had at this Office, at the subscription price, if early application be made.

Fish and Lime!

25 Barrels Mullets,
80 casks Thomastown Lime,
For sale.

McNEILL & KIRKLAND.

December 19, 1827. 50-6w.

Porter, Ale, and Cider,

OF the very best quality, for sale at the Lafayette Hotel, either by the barrel or bottle.

July 19. 28tf.

Removal.

JAMES KYLE

HAS removed to the Stores formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. L. Hawley, and Mr. Charles Stuart, and is now opening a very large and splendid assortment of

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE & GROCERIES,

All of which were purchased at the late Package Sales in New York; and will continue to receive fresh supplies by every arrival from his House in N. York. Country Merchants, and others wishing family supplies, will please call and examine the *most Splendid Assortment in this State.* He is very thankful for the liberal patronage which he has received since his opening in this place.

Fayetteville, Nov. 1, 1827. 43tf.

Fall Goods.

THE subscriber announces to the public, that he has received his *FALL Supply*, consisting of a variety of *BRITISH, FRENCH, & AMERICAN GOODS, newest style.* They have been bought at the New York auctions, a considerable part at the original package sales, and will be sold, either by wholesale or retail, at very low prices for cash.—Merchants from the country will do well to call and examine for themselves. His assortment consists in part of the following, viz:

Extra super Blue and black *CLOTHS*
Super blue, black, olive, bottle green, mixed and drab do.
Union mixtures, cassinetts and sattinetts
Black Lastings, circassians and bombazettes
Super white Flannels, paddings, &c.
Grecian stripes, granderilis, and cotton florentines
White and brown drillings and white Jeans
Yellow Nankins, brown linens, &c.
Superb merino square and long shawls
Cashmere shawls and hdkfs.
Green and crimson moreens and rattinets
Super and low priced black worsted hose
White & col'd cotton hose, & thread half hose
Extra rich toilinet, swansdown & Marseilles vesting,
Super and low priced 6-4 cambrics
Satin stripe white and col'd do
New style 3-4 4-4 and 5-4 cambric ginghams
Rich seeded, crossbarred, and stripe muslins
Extra super 5-4 and 3-4 cambric dimity
Do 5-4 plain and figured Jaconets
Super 6-4 figured and plain book muslins
Super and low priced mull do.
Plain and figured Swiss do.
Swiss points, capes and tippets
French wrought white robes.
Super sea island and low priced shirtings
5-4, 4-4 and 3-4 brown shirtings and sheetings
American blue plaids and apron checks
Washington and linen bed ticks
Fancy new style, figured, plaided, and shaded cambric prints, a variety
Rich 4-4 Swiss prints
Rich 4-4 and 3-4 furniture chintz
6 4 pavilion gauze, for mosquito nets
Real Russia and imitation sheetings
7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linens
Silks—Black Nankin crape robes
Plain black satin and taffeta
Rick black figured Gros-de-naps
Double chained black Levantines
Black sinchews and sarsnets
Superior new style Florentine vestings
Rich ombre and figured Gros-dete
Superior Batteste dresses, variety of shades & colors
Rich white and blue Barege
Black and green French crape
Black gauzes, a variety—green do.
Black and white silk hose, and gloves
Rich figured and plaid barege hdkfs.
White and green gauze veils
Gauze robes, various colors
Black Barcelona Hdkfs. Fancy plaid silk do
Bandanna and flag hdkfs.
New style gauze, wove, and embossed Ribbons
Taffeta ribbons, all colors. Watch and belt do.
Black and blue sewing silks
Wide and narrow bobbinet laces
Thread and gimp laces. Long Lawns
Bobbinet lace shawls and tippets
Thread cambrics and thread cambric hdkfs.
8-4 & 10-4 table diapers. Bird eye and Russia do
Brown cambric and bonnet bows
Dark and pink colored cambric
Holland, sail duck and buckram
Osnaburgs and brown towellings
White and printed bed spreads
Chintz shawls and hdkfs.
Black tabby velvet and velvet ribbons
Black ostrich feathers. Leghorn and straw bonnets
Bandboxes, wreathes and flowers
Ladies prunel and morocco shoes
Long and short white kid gloves
Colored and black horse skin do
Men's fashionable white and black Hats
Phosphorus pocket lights
Cotton balls and patent thread
Transparent and Windsor soap
Seidlitz & soda powders. Best Tea, in fancy boxes
Fancy pen-knives, scissors, pins, &c.
Scotch and Maccaboy snuff
Indelible Ink, pomatum and perfumery
Paper hanging and bordering
Paste Board and Millinet

JOHN McARN.

Fayetteville, Nov. 4, 1827.

Sunday Schools.

THE Managers of the "American Sunday School Union" have committed to the agency of the Subscriber, a depository of Books in Fayetteville, which Books will be sold to *any* Sunday School Society at the Philadelphia prices, and to all Societies *auxiliary* to the American, at a discount of 17½ per cent.

The facility afforded by this depository, of obtaining suitable books at the lowest rates, will, it is hoped, give a fresh impulse to the Sabbath School cause throughout our State. All Societies formed for this object, would find it their interest to become auxiliary to the American Institution at Philadelphia. For, while the only fee requisite for such a union is *Three Dollars*, the discount allowed, would, in the end, create a considerable saving. But the great benefit of such a connexion has its foundation in christian benevolence—in union of effort in a good cause. The auxiliary throws its limited experience and knowledge into the common stock, and, from the general mass of experiments and results, derives much light and help.

The mighty work of restraining Sabbath breach—of reclaiming idle and dissolute youth, and training them, by means of Sunday Schools, in the paths of literature, morality and religion, is going on with rapid march throughout Christendom: and it is earnestly recommended to the people of every town and neighbourhood in our State to avail themselves of this great moral influence. The depository is at the Post Office, where all applications for Books will be punctually attended to.

JOHN MACRAE.

Fayetteville, May 31, 1827. 1tf.

Music, French, Drawing & Painting on Velvet.

MRS. *BEZE PERRY* informs her friends the public generally, that having returned to Columbia, South Carolina, and settled herself here, she will, on the 16th of this month, open a school for Young Ladies, to teach the French, Drawing and Painting on paper, and ing on velvet.

The classes in French and Drawing will meet three times a week, from 12 o'clock till half

Music Lessons three times a week, three quarters of an hour each lesson, and at such hour as may suit young ladies.

TERMS.

Music, three lessons pr. week, per quarter
Drawing and Painting on velvet per do.
French per do.

Fayetteville, 12th July, 1827. 27tf.

Removal.

WM. L. HAWLEY has removed from his old stand to the Store lately occupied by William E. Troy, two doors east of the Market. He has just opened a large assortment of *BOOTS* and *SHOES*, embracing every description, and them cheap at wholesale and retail, for cash.

Also,

200 Sides Sole Leather,
Best Philadelphia Calf Skins,
Waxed and grain upper Leather,
Lining Skins and Binding.

A great variety of Shoe Thread, best Awl Blades, Shoe Tacks, Russia Bristles, Shoe punches, Shoe Ball, Brads, liquid and paste Blacking, black ink, &c. &c.

N. B. Boots and Shoes manufactured to order as usual, and warranted of the best workmanship.

Fayetteville, October 4, 1827.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE in part received their FALL SUPPLY of

GROCERIES,

The whole of which is expected to arrive during the ensuing week, which they offer to their friends and the public in general *low* for *CASH.* The whole will consist in part of the following

ARTICLES, Viz.

30 Hhds N. O. St. Croix and Porto Rico Sugar,
25 bbls loaf and lump - -
10 hhds prime Laguyra Coffee,
40 bags Mountain St. Domingo do.
5 do Pepper,
50 pieces cotton Bagging, 42 inches,
25 coils bale Rope,
1 box choice Cavendish Tobacco,
75 bbls apple Brandy,
25 do Rye Whiskey,
10 do N. E. Rum,
10 do American Gin,
5 hhds Jamaica Spirits,
3 do Antigua Rum,
1 do Shrub,
6 pipes old Cogniac Brandy, (*favorite brand*)
3 do old Schedam Gin,
5 quar casks Teneriffe,
5 do do Sherry,
½ pipe old Madeira,
8 half pipes sweet Malaga,
10 do quar. casks do.
2 quar casks old Port,
8 boxes Imperial,
6 do G. Powder,
4 do Y. Hyson,
1 hhd Copperas,
1 ceroon Bengal Indigo, in packages of from 2 to 4 lbs. each,
30 kegs Orange Powder,
1 box Mustard (for family use)
5 boxes sperm Candles,
5 casks choice Goshen Cheese,
1 cask Epsom Salts, (warranted genuine)
10 kegs ground Ginger,
1 bbl Philadelphia Starch,
50 bags Shot, assorted Numbers,
101 in whole, half and quarter boxes fresh Muscatel Raisins, warranted fresh, and well worthy the attention of families,
18 tons assorted Swedes Iron,
1000 bushels Liverpool Salt,
With many other articles in their line.

WINES. TEAS. Latest Importation.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in payment.

ALSO,

10 cases of WOOL HATS,
9 do fine fur do.
4 do wool and cotton Cards,
13 pieces twilled negro Cloth,
10 reams writing Paper,
Knives and forks, butchers knives, shoe knives, pocket and double bladed pen and pocket knives, padlocks, stock locks, gun locks, trunk locks, butts, screws, wood screws, horse pleghms, nail and brad gimlets, table spoons, lead faucetts, sheep shears, keyhole, tenant and hand saws, claw hammers, adzes and cooper's axes, shingling hatchets, post and grubbing hoes, coffee mills, shovels and tongs, steelyards, trace chains, screw augers, gouges and chissels, chest hinges, shoe pincers and rasps, curry combs, saws, mill files, cow hide whips, plated spurs, razors, shoe boxes, spectacles and cases, black-lead and slate pencils, English slates, boxes soap, German, English and cast steel, castings, trace chains, blacksmiths hammers, &c. &c. &c.

Well worthy the attention of Country Merchants as they will be sold low for cash to close a consignment.

HORTONS & HUTTON.

October 23. 42-tf.

Lafayette Hotel.

FAYETTEVILLE, N

THE public are respectfully informed, that in consequence of the recent death of Mr. Clement Tracy, the subscriber, who has been employed in the management of the Lafayette Hotel, has resumed the superintendence of it.

This new and spacious building (which has been purposely erected at great expense, for a Hotel) is now in complete order for the reception and accommodation of

Travellers and Boarders.

Besides the advantage of a number of Rooms with *single Beds, Five places and Bells*, the Hotel contains several *handsome Drawing Rooms and Apartments* particularly suited for the private accommodation of *TRAVELLING FAMILIES.* Boarders with or without lodging can be accommodated.

THE FURNITURE and BEDDING are of the best quality and entirely new, and every Bed is supplied with a Moscheto Net. BATHING ROOMS are attached to the House, supplied with water from the Haymount Aqueduct. The BAR is richly supplied with a variety of *the choicest Liquors* recently selected for it in the Northern Cities, by an experienced judge. LARGE STABLES are conveniently placed in the rear.

The Subscriber is determined to conduct the House in the most genteel manner; and no effort shall be spared to render it every way worthy of a continuation of the patronage it has received.

WM. TRACY.

October 25. 20tf.

Furniture.

SOME choice articles of excellent *FURNITURE* for sale at the *Auction Store.*

WILLKINGS & CO.

November 8. 44tf.

Blanks of all kinds

For Sale at this Office.